Assignment 1, CSE 474/574

The number of points per question are in parentheses here (but not in the jupyter notebook).

Notes on grading:

- For 474, the points here add up to 75. The remaining 25 will be based on code spot checks.
- For 575, the points here add up to 90. The spot checks will be worth 30 points, and we will then normalize your score out of 120 to get a final grade out of 100.

Part 1.1 - Understanding APIs (5 points)

- 1.1.1 (2) How many API calls were required to collect the submissions?
- 1.1.2 (1) Why did we set the submission limit at 1000?
- 1.1.3 (2) How long, in minutes, would it take you to collect 1000 posts from 25 different subreddits? What about from 500 different subreddits? *Hint: You'll have to consider how many API requests you are allowed to make*

Part 1.2 Thinking about your sample (3 points)

- 1.2.1 (1) Do you think these posts are representative of all the posts on that subreddit?
- **1.2.2 (2)** Why or why not? That is, if you think so, why do you think there's not much sampling bias here? If not, what do you think might be different about these top posts than other posts?

Part 2.1 - Univariate descriptive analyses (13 points)

• 2.1.1 (1) What are the names (subreddit_name_prefixed) of the 25 different subreddits that are in part2_data.csv?

- 2.1.2 (3) How many reddit authors (author_name) have a post in more than one unique subreddit in part2_data.csv (e.g. they have a top post in both r/news and r/hockey)?
- 2.1.3 (1) What is the mean number of upvotes (ups) for posts in r/Jokes?
- 2.1.4 (1) What is the variance of the number of upvotes in r/news?
- **2.1.5 (2)** What is the standard deviation of the number of upvotes received across the entire dataset?
- **2.1.6 (1)** (No code for this) Mathematically, what is the relationship between the standard deviation of the number of upvotes and the variance of upvotes?
- 2.1.7 (1) Which subreddit had the third highest median number of upvotes?
- 2.1.8 (3) What is the conditional probability of an author having a top post in r/news, given that they have a top post in r/worldnews?

Part 2.2 - Plotting (12 points)

- 2.2.1 (3) Submit your histogram image in your assignment
- **2.2.2 (2)** Based on your histogram, which subreddit would you say is the *least* popular? (Note, there is more than one reasonable answer here. We are looking mostly for how you justify your response using the histogram)
- 2.2.3 (2) Approximately (within 1-2 percentage points) what percent of top posts for each of the three subreddits plotted below have less than 100,000 upvotes? (Give answers for each subreddit)
- 2.2.4 (2) Approximately (within 1-2 percentage points) what is the probability that a post on each of the three subreddits plotted below has more than 70,000 upvotes? (Give answers for each subreddit)
- 2.2.5 (1) How many posts in the dataset were sent in 2010?
- 2.2.6 (2) In your report, provide a table (a screenshot of a pandas dataframe is fine) that shows the average number of upvotes for r/memes each year from 2015 to 2020. The table should be sorted by year (i.e. 2015, then 2016, etc.). Note again, if a year does not have data, there should be zeros in this table!
- 2.2.7 (3) Plot a line graph of the temporal trend of mean upvotes from 2016-2020 for the following subreddits: r/Jokes, r/food,r/conspiracy, and r/news. You can plot them individually, or use the faceting approach from above. Write your code for this in the cell below; copy the resulting plot to your PDF report. Hint: Doing part 2.2.8 will be easiest if you make sure that the plot for each subreddit has its own y-axis!
- 2.2.8 (2) Using what you have plotted, make an argument for which of the four subreddits is the most "up and coming" i.e. the one that seems to be getting more popular over time. NOTE: There is more than one reasonable answer here. We are looking for how you justify your answer using the (plotted) data.

Part 2.3 - Data Cleaning & Regression-related Analyses (14 points)

- 2.3.1 (2)- There are two continuous variables that are very clearly not going to be useful for our analysis. Identify them, and explain why they are not useful (note: you do NOT need to know why these variables take on the values they do in our data. You just need to know why we don't want to use them!)
- **2.3.2 (2)** There are two (supposedly) binary variables that are very clearly not going to be useful for our analysis. Identify them, and explain why they are not useful.
- 2.3.3 (2) Explain why we it is not useful to use *both* subreddit_id and subreddit_name_prefixed in any predictive analysis of per-post upvotes.
- 2.3.4 (2) Explain why it is not useful to use permalink in any predictive analysis of per-post upvotes.
- 2.3.5 Plot the relationship between num_comments and upvotes as a scatterplot with log-scaled axes, with the posts from different subreddits as different color points. Paste this plot into your PDF writeup
- 2.3.6 (2) Describe, briefly (a sentence) the relationship between num_comments and upvotes.
- 2.3.7 (2) Which of these has the strongest positive correlation with ups?
- 2.3.8 (2) Which of these has the weakest positive correlation with ups?

Part 3.1 - Regression Basics (23 points)

- **3.1.1 (5)** Report your error on the test data, in RMSE. State what this metric means for the expected error in terms of the number of upvotes (not log upvotes!) you should expect to be off on any given prediction
- 3.1.2 (2) What did the whole one-hot encoding thing on subreddit_name_prefixed actually do?
- 3.1.3 (1) What does the argument drop = "first" do for us when we are doing that to subreddit_name_prefixed?
- **3.1.3** (1) Why did we need to add one to the outcome variable before using log?
- **3.1.4 (3)** What does the StandardScaler do? Why do we want to do that?
- 3.1.5 (4) Provide a scatterplot that compares the true values in y_test to the absolute value of the difference between y_test and your predictions. The axes should be on the original scale (i.e. not the log scale you're predicting on.
- **3.1.6 (2)** What does this plot suggest about how well your model fits the data as the true number of upvotes changes?
- 3.1.7 (3) What is the new RMSE with the logged independent variables?
- **3.1.8 (2)** How did this compare to the old RMSE? Why do you think that is? Hint: It may help to re-plot the same figure as you did in 3.1.5,

but with the new model, in order to answer this question.

Part 3.2 - Interpreting Regression Coefficients (5 points)

- **3.2.1 (3)** What is the strongest positive predictor of upvotes? How many more log(upvotes+1) does a one standard deviation increase in the feature correspond to?
- **3.2.2** (2) What is the strongest negative predictor of upvotes? How many fewer log(upvotes+1) does a one standard deviation increase in the feature correspond to?

Part 3.3 - 574 Only - Attempting to Improve Your Predictions

- **3.3.1 (10)** Describe at least two changes you made at least one to the feature set, and at least one different model to try to improve prediction. Explain *why* you think that these changes make sense, given the Exploratory analyses above, or any other exploratory analysis you choose to do.
- **3.3.2 (5)** By how much did your RMSE improve? Which change that you made improved it the most? How do you know?